

xyz_calcs_update

January 18, 2024

```
[1]: %load_ext Cython
```

```
[11]: from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

from astropy import units
from astropy.visualization import quantity_support
from pyuvdata import utils as uvutils
import numpy as np

# from Cython.Compiler.Options import get_directive_defaults
# directive_defaults = get_directive_defaults()
# directive_defaults['linetrace'] = True
# directive_defaults['binding'] = True
```

```
[4]: quantity_support();
```

```
[5]: # cython: profile=True
# cython: linetrace=True
# cython: binding=True
# distutils: define_macros=CYTHON_TRACE_NOGIL=1
# distutils: define_macros=CYTHON_TRACE=1
```

```
[52]: def XYZ_from_LatLonAlt_new(latitude, longitude, altitude):
    latitude = np.ascontiguousarray(latitude, dtype=np.float64)
    longitude = np.ascontiguousarray(longitude, dtype=np.float64)
    altitude = np.ascontiguousarray(altitude, dtype=np.float64)

    n_pts = latitude.size

    if longitude.size != n_pts:
        raise ValueError(
            "latitude, longitude and altitude must all have the same length"
        )
    if altitude.size != n_pts:
        raise ValueError(
            "latitude, longitude and altitude must all have the same length"
        )
```

```

#      = np.zeros((3, n_pts), dtype=np.float64, order="C")

xyz = xyz_from_latlonalt_new_cy(latitude, longitude, altitude, Body.Earth.
value)
xyz = xyz.T
if n_pts == 1:
    return xyz[0]

return xyz


def LatLonAlt_from_XYZ_new(xyz, check_acceptability=True):
    # convert to a numpy array
    xyz = np.asarray(xyz)
    if xyz.ndim > 1 and xyz.shape[1] != 3:
        raise ValueError("The expected shape of ECEF xyz array is (Npts, 3).")

squeeze = xyz.ndim == 1

if squeeze:
    xyz = xyz[np.newaxis, :]

xyz = np.ascontiguousarray(xyz.T, dtype=np.float64)
# n_pts = xyz.shape[1]

# lla = np.empty((3, n_pts), dtype=np.float64, order="C")

# checking for acceptable values
if check_acceptability:
    norms = np.linalg.norm(xyz, axis=1)
    if not all(
        np.logical_and(
            norms >= 6.35e6,
            norms <= 6.39e6
        )
    ):
        raise ValueError("xyz values should be ECEF x, y, z coordinates in_
meters")
    lla = lla_from_xyz_new_cy(xyz, Body.Earth.value)

    if squeeze:
        return lla[0, 0], lla[1, 0], lla[2, 0]
    return lla[0], lla[1], lla[2]

def ECEF_from_ENU_new(enu, latitude, longitude, altitude):

```

```

"""
Calculate ECEF coordinates from local ENU (east, north, up) coordinates.

Parameters
-----
enu : ndarray of float
    numpy array, shape (Npts, 3), with local ENU coordinates.
latitude : float
    Latitude of center of ENU coordinates in radians.
longitude : float
    Longitude of center of ENU coordinates in radians.
altitude : float
    Altitude of center of ENU coordinates in radians.

Returns
-----
xyz : ndarray of float
    numpy array, shape (Npts, 3), with ECEF x,y,z coordinates.

"""

enu = np.asarray(enu)
if enu.ndim > 1 and enu.shape[1] != 3:
    raise ValueError("The expected shape of the ENU array is (Npts, 3).")
squeeze = False

if enu.ndim == 1:
    squeeze = True
    enu = enu[np.newaxis, :]
enu = np.ascontiguousarray(enu.T, dtype=np.float64)

xyz = ECEF_from_ENU_new_cy(
    enu,
    np.ascontiguousarray(latitude, dtype=np.float64),
    np.ascontiguousarray(longitude, dtype=np.float64),
    np.ascontiguousarray(altitude, dtype=np.float64),
    Body.Earth.value
)
xyz = xyz.T
if squeeze:
    xyz = np.squeeze(xyz)

return xyz

def ENU_from_ECEF_new(xyz, latitude, longitude, altitude):
    """
"""

```

Calculate local ENU (east, north, up) coordinates from ECEF coordinates.

Parameters

xyz : ndarray of float
 numpy array, shape (Npts, 3), with ECEF x,y,z coordinates.
latitude : float
 Latitude of center of ENU coordinates in radians.
longitude : float
 Longitude of center of ENU coordinates in radians.
altitude : float
 Altitude of center of ENU coordinates in radians.

Returns

ndarray of float
 numpy array, shape (Npts, 3), with local ENU coordinates

"""

```
xyz = np.asarray(xyz)
if xyz.ndim > 1 and xyz.shape[1] != 3:
    raise ValueError("The expected shape of ECEF xyz array is (Npts, 3.)")

squeeze = False
if xyz.ndim == 1:
    squeeze = True
    xyz = xyz[np.newaxis, :]
xyz = np.ascontiguousarray(xyz.T, dtype=np.float64)

# check that these are sensible ECEF values -- their magnitudes need to be
# on the order of Earth's radius
ecef_magnitudes = np.linalg.norm(xyz, axis=0)
sensible_radius_range = (6.35e6, 6.39e6)
if np.any(ecef_magnitudes <= sensible_radius_range[0]) or np.any(
    ecef_magnitudes >= sensible_radius_range[1]):
    raise ValueError(
        f"{frame} vector magnitudes must be on the order"
        f" of the radius of the {world}"
    )

# the cython utility expects (3, Npts) for faster manipulation
# transpose after we get the array back to match the expected shape
enu = ENU_from_ECEF_new_cy(
    xyz,
    np.ascontiguousarray(latitude, dtype=np.float64),
    np.ascontiguousarray(longitude, dtype=np.float64),
```

```

        np.ascontiguousarray(altitude, dtype=np.float64),
        # we have already forced the frame to conform to our options
        # and if we don't have moon we have already errored.
        Body.Earth.value,
    )
    enu = enu.T

    if squeeze:
        enu = np.squeeze(enu)

    return enu

```

```
[43]: %%cython -a -3 --compile-args=-O3 --compile-args=-fopenmp --link-args=-fopenmp
       --force
# -*- mode: python; coding: utf-8 -*-
# Copyright (c) 2020 Radio Astronomy Software Group
# Licensed under the 2-clause BSD License

# distutils: language = c
# cython: linetrace=True

# python imports
import warnings
import enum

# cython imports

cimport cython
cimport numpy
from libc.math cimport atan2, cos, sin, sqrt
# This initializes the numpy 1.7 c-api.
# cython 3.0 will do this by default.
# We may be able to just remove this then.
numpy.import_array()

cdef class Ellipsoid:
    cdef readonly numpy.float64_t gps_a, gps_b, e_squared, e_prime_squared,
       b_div_a2

    @cython.cdivision
    def __init__(self, numpy.float64_t gps_a, numpy.float64_t gps_b):
        self.gps_a = gps_a
        self.gps_b = gps_b
        self.b_div_a2 = (self.gps_b / self.gps_a)**2
        self.e_squared = (1 - self.b_div_a2)
        self.e_prime_squared = (self.b_div_a2**-1 - 1)
```

```

# A python interface for different celestial bodies
class Body(enum.Enum):
    Earth = Ellipsoid(6378137, 6356752.31424518)
    # moon data taken from https://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/planetary/factsheet/
    #moonfact.html
    # with radius from spice_utils
    Moon = Ellipsoid(1737.1e3, 1737.1e3 * (1 - 0.0012))

    # expose up to python
    # in order to not have circular dependencies
    # define transformation parameters here
    # parameters for transforming between xyz & lat/lon/alt
    # keep for consistent API though these really shouldn't be used anymore
    gps_a = Body.Earth.value.gps_a
    gps_b = Body.Earth.value.gps_b
    e_squared = Body.Earth.value.e_squared
    e_prime_squared = Body.Earth.value.e_prime_squared

    @cython.boundscheck(False)
    @cython.wraparound(False)
    @cython.cdivision(True)
    cpdef numpy.ndarray[datatype=numpy.float64_t, ndim=2] lla_from_xyz_new_cy(
        numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] xyz,
        Ellipsoid body,
    ):
        cdef Py_ssize_t ind
        cdef int ndim = 2
        cdef int n_pts = xyz.shape[1]
        cdef numpy.npy_intp * dims = [3, <numpy.npy_intp>n_pts]

        cdef numpy.ndarray[datatype=numpy.float64_t, ndim=2] lla = numpy.
        #PyArray_EMPTY(ndim, dims, numpy.NPY_FLOAT64, 0)
        cdef numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] _lla = lla

        cdef numpy.float64_t gps_p, gps_theta

        # see wikipedia geodetic_datum and Datum transformations of
        # GPS positions PDF in docs/references folder
        for ind in range(n_pts):
            gps_p = sqrt(xyz[0, ind] ** 2 + xyz[1, ind] ** 2)
            gps_theta = atan2(xyz[2, ind] * body.gps_a, gps_p * body.gps_b)

            _lla[0, ind] = atan2(
                xyz[2, ind] + body.e_prime_squared * body.gps_b * sin(gps_theta) ** 3,
                gps_p - body.e_squared * body.gps_a * cos(gps_theta) ** 3,

```

```

)
_llla[1, ind] = atan2(xyz[1, ind], xyz[0, ind])

_llla[2, ind] = (gps_p / cos(lla[0, ind])) - body.gps_a / sqrt(1.0 - body.
˓→e_squared * sin(lla[0, ind]) ** 2)

return lla

@cython.boundscheck(False)
@cython.wraparound(False)
@cython.cdivision(True)
cpdef numpy.ndarray[dtype=numpy.float64_t, ndim=2] xyz_from_latlonalt_new_cy(
    numpy.float64_t[:,:] _lat,
    numpy.float64_t[:,:] _lon,
    numpy.float64_t[:,:] _alt,
    Ellipsoid body,
):
    cdef Py_ssize_t i
    cdef int ndim = 2
    cdef int n_pts = _lat.shape[0]
    cdef numpy.npy_intp * dims = [3, <numpy.npy_intp>n_pts]

    cdef numpy.ndarray[dtype=numpy.float64_t, ndim=2] xyz = numpy.
    ˓→PyArray_EMPTY(ndim, dims, numpy.NPY_FLOAT64, 0)
    cdef numpy.float64_t[:, :,1] _xyz = xyz

    cdef numpy.float64_t sin_lat, cos_lat, sin_lon, cos_lon, gps_n

    for ind in range(n_pts):
        sin_lat = sin(_lat[ind])
        sin_lon = sin(_lon[ind])

        cos_lat = cos(_lat[ind])
        cos_lon = cos(_lon[ind])

        gps_n = body.gps_a / sqrt(1.0 - body.e_squared * sin_lat ** 2)

        _xyz[0, ind] = (gps_n + _alt[ind]) * cos_lat * cos_lon
        _xyz[1, ind] = (gps_n + _alt[ind]) * cos_lat * sin_lon

        _xyz[2, ind] = (body.b_div_a2 * gps_n + _alt[ind]) * sin_lat
    return xyz

# this function takes memoryviews as inputs
# that is why _lat, _lon, and _alt are indexed below to get the 0th entry
@cython.boundscheck(False)

```

```

@cython.wraparound(False)
cpdef numpy.ndarray[numpy.float64_t, ndim=2] ENU_from_ECEF_new_cy(
    numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] xyz,
    numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] _lat,
    numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] _lon,
    numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] _alt,
    Ellipsoid body,
):
    cdef Py_ssize_t i
    cdef int ndim = 2
    cdef int nblts = xyz.shape[1]
    cdef numpy.npy_intp * dims = [3, <numpy.npy_intp> nblts]
    cdef numpy.float64_t xyz_use[3]

    cdef numpy.float64_t sin_lat, cos_lat, sin_lon, cos_lon

    # we want a memoryview of the xyz of the center
    # this looks a little silly but we don't have to define 2 different things
    cdef numpy.float64_t[:] xyz_center = xyz_from_latlonalt_new_cy(_lat, _lon, _alt, body).T[0]

    cdef numpy.ndarray[numpy.float64_t, ndim=2] _enu = numpy.PyArray_EMPTY(ndim, dims, numpy.NPY_FLOAT64, 0)
    cdef numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] enu = _enu

    sin_lat = sin(_lat[0])
    cos_lat = cos(_lat[0])

    sin_lon = sin(_lon[0])
    cos_lon = cos(_lon[0])

    for i in range(nblts):
        xyz_use[0] = xyz[0, i] - xyz_center[0]
        xyz_use[1] = xyz[1, i] - xyz_center[1]
        xyz_use[2] = xyz[2, i] - xyz_center[2]

        enu[0, i] = -sin_lon * xyz_use[0] + cos_lon * xyz_use[1]
        enu[1, i] = (
            - sin_lat * cos_lon * xyz_use[0]
            - sin_lat * sin_lon * xyz_use[1]
            + cos_lat * xyz_use[2]
        )
        enu[2, i] = (
            cos_lat * cos_lon * xyz_use[0]
            + cos_lat * sin_lon * xyz_use[1]
            + sin_lat * xyz_use[2]
        )

```

```

    return _enu

# this function takes memoryviews as inputs
# that is why _lat, _lon, and _alt are indexed below to get the 0th entry
@cython.boundscheck(False)
@cython.wraparound(False)
cpdef numpy.ndarray[dtype=numpy.float64_t] ECEF_from_ENU_new_cy(
    numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] enu,
    numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] _lat,
    numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] _lon,
    numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] _alt,
    Ellipsoid body,
):
    cdef Py_ssize_t i
    cdef int ndim = 2
    cdef int nblts = enu.shape[1]
    cdef numpy.npy_intp * dims = [3, <numpy.npy_intp>nblts]
    cdef numpy.float64_t sin_lat, cos_lat, sin_lon, cos_lon

    # allocate memory then make memory view for faster access
    cdef numpy.ndarray[dtype=numpy.float64_t, ndim=2] _xyz = numpy.
    ↪PyArray_EMPTY(ndim, dims, numpy.NPY_FLOAT64, 0)
    cdef numpy.float64_t[:, ::1] xyz = _xyz

    # we want a memoryview of the xyz of the center
    # this looks a little silly but we don't have to define 2 different things
    cdef numpy.float64_t[:] xyz_center = xyz_from_latlonalt_new_cy(_lat, _lon, ↪
    ↪_alt, body).T[0]

    sin_lat = sin(_lat[0])
    cos_lat = cos(_lat[0])

    sin_lon = sin(_lon[0])
    cos_lon = cos(_lon[0])

    for i in range(nblts):
        xyz[0, i] = (
            - sin_lat * cos_lon * enu[1, i]
            - sin_lon * enu[0, i]
            + cos_lat * cos_lon * enu[2, i]
            + xyz_center[0]
        )
        xyz[1, i] = (
            - sin_lat * sin_lon * enu[1, i]
            + cos_lon * enu[0, i]
            + cos_lat * sin_lon * enu[2, i]
        )

```

```

        + xyz_center[1]
    )
xyz[2, i] = cos_lat * enu[1, i] + sin_lat * enu[2, i] + xyz_center[2]

return _xyz

```

[43]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```

[33]: for size in [1, 10, 100, 500]:#, 1000, 10000, 100000]:
    center_lat = -30.721
    center_lon = 21.428
    center_alt = 1052.5
    lats = center_lat + np.random.normal(0, .0005, size=size)
    lons = center_lon+ np.random.normal(0, .0005, size=size)
    alts = np.random.uniform(1051, 1054, size=size)
    lats *= np.pi/180.
    lons *= np.pi/180.
    xyz = uvutils.XYZ_from_LatLonAlt(lats, lons, alts)
    cy_xyz = XYZ_from_LatLonAlt_new(lats, lons, alts)

    lla = uvutils.LatLonAlt_from_XYZ(xyz, check_acceptability=False)
    cy_llा = np.asarray(LatLonAlt_from_XYZ_new(xyz, check_acceptability=False))

    print(f"Size {size}")
    print("\tResults equal LLA -> XYZ | XYZ -> LLA")
    print(f"\t\tcy: {np.allclose(xyz, cy_xyz)} {np.allclose(lla, cy_llा)}")

    print("\tLLA -> XYZ")
    py_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 -n 1000 uvutils.XYZ_from_LatLonAlt(lats, lons, alts)
    cy_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 -n 1000 XYZ_from_LatLonAlt_new(lats, lons, alts)
    print(f"\t\tpython: {py_time}")
    print(f"\t\tnew: {cy_time}")
    print("\tXYZ -> LLA")
    py_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 -n 1000 uvutils.LatLonAlt_from_XYZ(xyz, check_acceptability=False)
    cy_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 -n 1000 LatLonAlt_from_XYZ_new(xyz, check_acceptability=False)
    print(f"\t\tpython: {py_time}")
    print(f"\t\tnew: {cy_time}")

```

Size 1

```

Results equal LLA -> XYZ | XYZ -> LLA
    cy: True True
    LLA -> XYZ
        python: 4.5 µs ± 121 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,

```

```

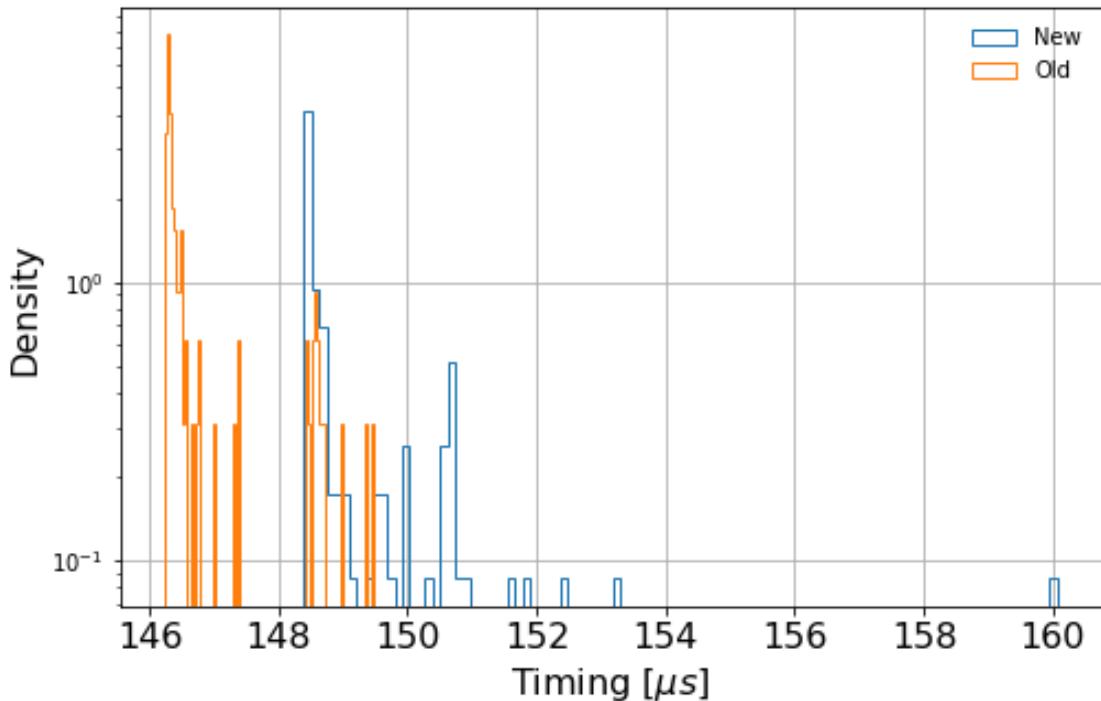
1000 loops each)
      new:    4.66 µs ± 29.5 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100
runs, 1000 loops each)
      XYZ -> LLA
      python: 3.6 µs ± 713 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
      new:    3.74 µs ± 17.1 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100
runs, 1000 loops each)
Size 10
      Results equal LLA -> XYZ | XYZ -> LLA
      cy:  True True
      LLA -> XYZ
      python: 4.84 µs ± 68.8 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100
runs, 1000 loops each)
      new:    4.96 µs ± 19.9 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100
runs, 1000 loops each)
      XYZ -> LLA
      python: 5.93 µs ± 70.5 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100
runs, 1000 loops each)
      new:    6.23 µs ± 99.7 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100
runs, 1000 loops each)
Size 100
      Results equal LLA -> XYZ | XYZ -> LLA
      cy:  True True
      LLA -> XYZ
      python: 9.98 µs ± 100 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
      new:    10 µs ± 31.1 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
      XYZ -> LLA
      python: 32.2 µs ± 881 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
      new:    32.4 µs ± 59.3 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100
runs, 1000 loops each)
Size 500
      Results equal LLA -> XYZ | XYZ -> LLA
      cy:  True True
      LLA -> XYZ
      python: 33.7 µs ± 1.01 µs per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100
runs, 1000 loops each)
      new:    32.9 µs ± 680 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
      XYZ -> LLA
      python: 146 µs ± 1.21 µs per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
      new:    149 µs ± 841 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)

```

```
[38]: py_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 uvutils.LatLonAlt_from_XYZ(xyz,
    ↪check_acceptability=False)
new_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 LatLonAlt_from_XYZ_new(xyz,
    ↪check_acceptability=False)
```

```
[39]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, figsize=(8,5), facecolor="white")
- ,_, _ =ax.hist((new_time.timings * units.s).to("microsecond"), bins=100,
    ↪log=True, density=True, histtype="step", label="New")
- ,_, _ =ax.hist((py_time.timings * units.s).to("microsecond"), bins=100,
    ↪log=True, density=True, histtype="step", label="Old")

ax.grid()
ax.set_xlabel(r"Timing [\$ \mu s \$]", fontsize=16)
ax.set_ylabel("Density", fontsize=16)
plt.setp(ax.get_xticklabels(), fontsize=16);
ax.legend(loc="upper right", frameon=False);
```



```
[54]: for size in [1, 10, 100, 500]:# , 1000, 10000, 100000]:
    center_lat = -30.721
    center_lon = 21.428
    center_alt = 1052.5
    lats = center_lat + np.random.normal(0, .0005, size=size)
```

```

lons = center_lon + np.random.normal(0, .0005, size=size)
alts = np.random.uniform(1051, 1054, size=size)
lats *= np.pi/180.
lons *= np.pi/180.

center_lat *= np.pi/180.
center_lon *= np.pi/180.

xyz = uvutils.XYZ_from_LatLonAlt(lats, lons, alts)

enu = uvutils.ENU_from_ECEF(xyz, center_lat, center_lon, center_alt)
ecef = uvutils.ECEF_from_ENU(enu, center_lat, center_lon, center_alt)

cy_ecef = ECEF_from_ENU_new(enu, center_lat, center_lon, center_alt)
cy_enu = ENU_from_ECEF_new(ecef, center_lat, center_lon, center_alt)

print(f"Size: {size}")
print("\tResults equal ECEF -> ENU | ENU -> ECEF")
print(f"\t\tcy: {np.allclose(enu, cy_enu)} {np.allclose(ecef, cy_ecef)}")

print("\tECEF -> ENU")
py_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 -n 1000 uvutils.ENU_from_ECEF(ecef,
    ↪ center_lat, center_lon, center_alt)
cy_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 -n 1000 ENU_from_ECEF_new(ecef,
    ↪ center_lat, center_lon, center_alt)
print(f"\t\tpython: {py_time}")
print(f"\t\tnew: {cy_time}")
print("\tENU -> ECEF")
py_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 -n 1000 uvutils.ECEF_from_ENU(enu,
    ↪ center_lat, center_lon, center_alt)
cy_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 -n 1000 ECEF_from_ENU_new(enu, center_lat,
    ↪ center_lon, center_alt)
print(f"\t\tpython: {py_time}")
print(f"\t\tnew: {cy_time}")

```

Size: 1

Results equal ECEF -> ENU | ENU -> ECEF

cy: True True

ECEF -> ENU

python: 32.9 μ s \pm 1.16 μ s per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 100 runs, 1000 loops each)

new: 34.5 μ s \pm 161 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 100 runs, 1000 loops each)

ENU -> ECEF

python: 9.13 μ s \pm 178 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 100 runs, 1000 loops each)

```

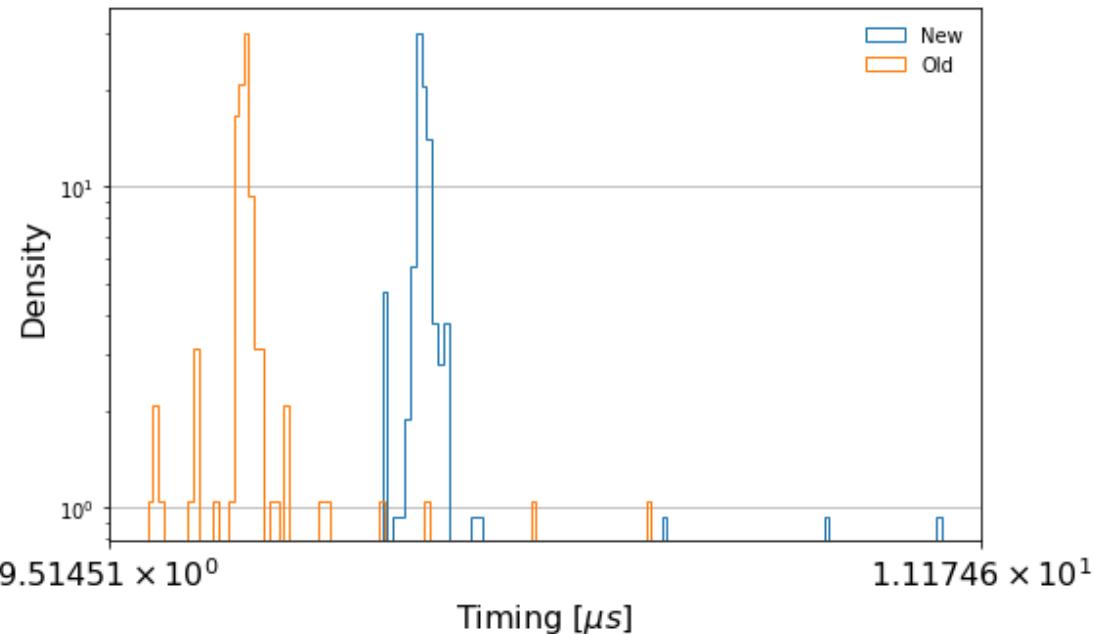
        new: 9.72 µs ± 413 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
Size: 10
    Results equal ECEF -> ENU | ENU -> ECEF
        cy: True True
    ECEF -> ENU
        python: 31.8 µs ± 265 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
        new: 34.3 µs ± 299 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
    ENU -> ECEF
        python: 7.86 µs ± 138 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
        new: 8.04 µs ± 58.2 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100
runs, 1000 loops each)
Size: 100
    Results equal ECEF -> ENU | ENU -> ECEF
        cy: True True
    ECEF -> ENU
        python: 33.7 µs ± 367 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
        new: 36.7 µs ± 297 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
    ENU -> ECEF
        python: 8.4 µs ± 73.8 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
        new: 8.8 µs ± 187 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
Size: 500
    Results equal ECEF -> ENU | ENU -> ECEF
        cy: True True
    ECEF -> ENU
        python: 41.1 µs ± 988 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
        new: 43.5 µs ± 678 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
    ENU -> ECEF
        python: 9.74 µs ± 105 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)
        new: 10.3 µs ± 202 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 100 runs,
1000 loops each)

```

```
[55]: old_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 uvutils.ECEF_from_ENU(enu, center_lat, center_lon, center_alt)
new_time = %timeit -q -o -r 100 ECEF_from_ENU_new(enu, center_lat, center_lon, center_alt)
```

```
[56]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, figsize=(8,5), facecolor="white")
_, _, _ =ax.hist((new_time.timings * units.s).to("microsecond"), bins=100, log=True, density=True, histtype="step", label="New")
_, _, _ =ax.hist((old_time.timings * units.s).to("microsecond"), bins=100, log=True, density=True, histtype="step", label="Old")

ax.grid()
ax.set_xlabel(r"Timing [ $\mu$ s]", fontsize=16)
ax.set_ylabel("Density", fontsize=16)
plt.setp(ax.get_xticklabels(), fontsize=16);
ax.legend(loc="upper right", frameon=False);
ax.set_xscale("symlog", linthresh=100)
```



```
[ ]:
```