

# EVPPPI plots

## Introduction

### R code

```
data(Vaccine, package = "BCEA")
treats <- c("Status quo", "Vaccination")

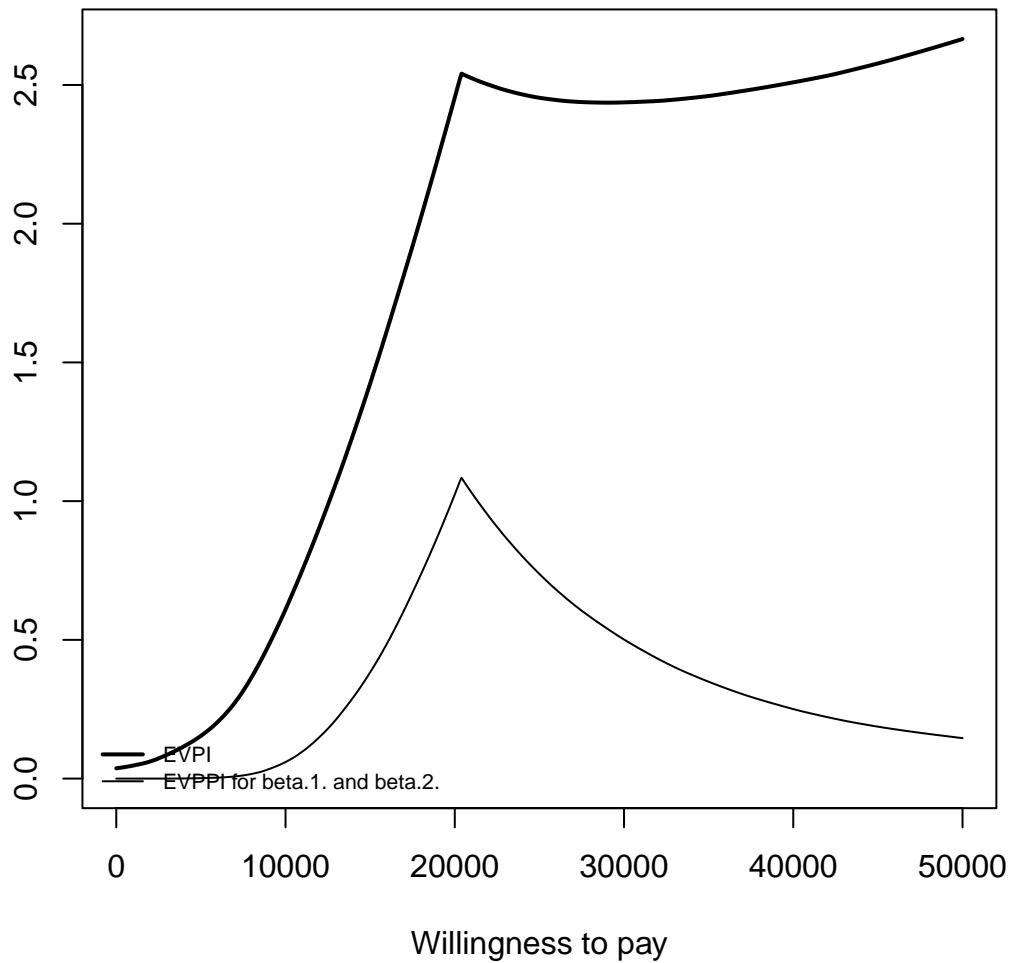
# Run the health economic evaluation using BCEA
m <- bcea(e.pcts, c.pcts, ref = 2, interventions = treats)

# Compute the EVPPI for a bunch of parameters
inp <- createInputs(vaccine_mat)

# explicitly use BCEA package namespace to avoid voi package conflict
EVPPI <- BCEA::evppi(m, c("beta.1.", "beta.2."), inp$mat)

plot(EVPPI)
```

## Expected Value of Perfect Partial Information



```
# deprecated (single parameter) methods
EVPPPI.so <- BCEA::evppi(m, c("beta.1.", "beta.2."), inp$mat, method = "so", n.blocks = 50)
EVPPPI.sad <- BCEA::evppi(m, c("beta.1.", "beta.2."), inp$mat, method = "sad", n.seps = 1)

plot(EVPPPI.so)
plot(EVPPPI.sad)

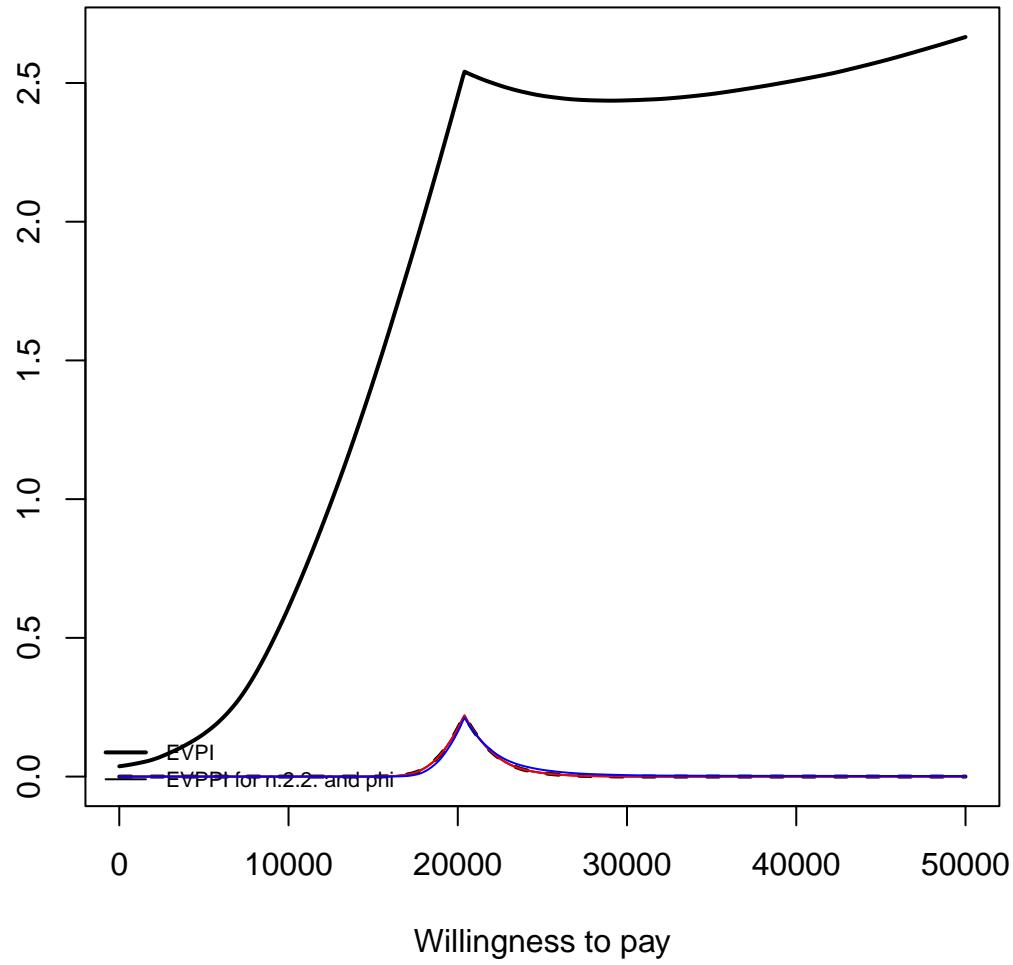
# Compute the EVPPPI using INLA/SPDE
x_inla <- BCEA::evppi/he = m, 39:40, input = inp$mat)

# using GAM regression
x_gam <- BCEA::evppi/he = m, 39:40, input = inp$mat, method = "GAM")

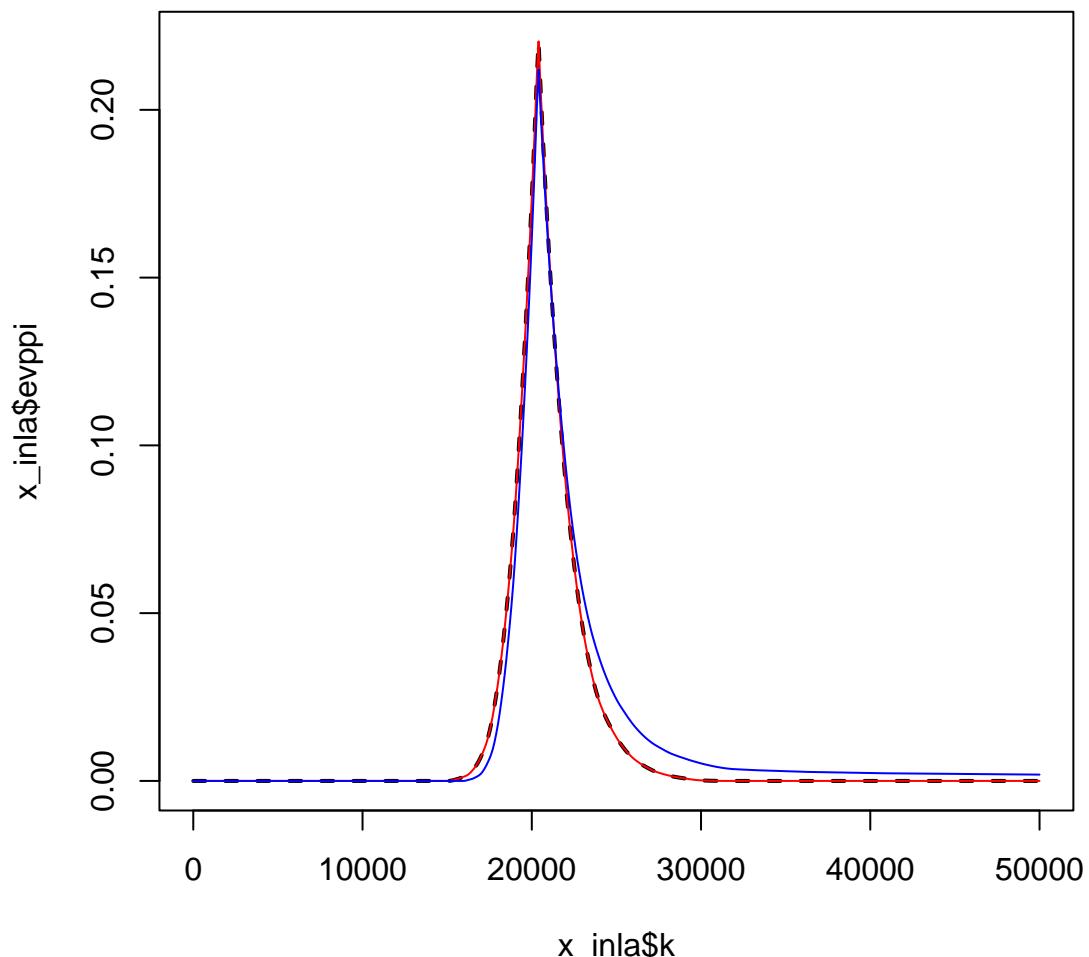
# using Strong et al GP regression
x_gp <- BCEA::evppi/he = m, 39:40, input = inp$mat, method = "GP")

plot(x_inla)
lines(x_inla$k, x_inla$evppi, lwd = 2, lty = 2)
lines(x_gam$k, x_gam$evppi, col = "red")
lines(x_gp$k, x_gp$evppi, col = "blue")
```

## Expected Value of Perfect Partial Information



```
# zoom in
plot(x_inla$k, x_inla$evpppi, type = "l", lwd = 2, lty = 2)
lines(x_gam$k, x_gam$evpppi, col = "red")
lines(x_gp$k, x_gp$evpppi, col = "blue")
```



```

data(Smoking)
treats <- c("No intervention", "Self-help",
           "Individual counselling", "Group counselling")

m <- bcea(eff, cost, ref = 4, interventions = treats, Kmax = 500)

inp <- createInputs(smoking_output)

EVPPPI <- BCEA::evppi(m, c(2,3), inp$mat, h.value = 0.0000005)

plot(EVPPPI)

```

## Expected Value of Perfect Partial Information

